

AOS-CX 10.10.1020 Release Notes

9300 Switch Series

The Aruba logo consists of the word "aruba" in a lowercase, rounded, orange sans-serif font. The letters are closely spaced, and the 'a' and 'u' have a distinctive shape.

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Products supported

This release applies to the Switch Series. The following table lists any applicable minimum software versions required for that model of switch.



If your product is not listed in the below table, no minimum software version is required.

Product number	Product name	Minimum software version
R9A29A	Aruba 9300-32D 32p 100/200/400G QSFP-DD 2p 10G SFP+ Front-to-Back 6 Fans 2 AC PSU Bundle	10.10.1000
R9A30A	Aruba 9300-32D 32p 100/200/400G QSFP-DD 2p 10G SFP+ Back-to-Front 6 Fans 2 AC PSU Bundle	10.10.1000
R8Z96A	Aruba 9300-32D 32-port 100/200/400G QSFP-DD 2-port 10G Switch	10.10.1000

Important information for 9300 Switches

To avoid damage to your equipment, do not interrupt power to the switch during a software update.



Diffie-Helman algorithm is no longer enabled by default for key exchange. To enable using Diffie-Helman for key exchange, use the command `ssh key-exchange-algorithms <KEY-EXCHANGE-ALGORITHM-LIST>.`"



AOS-CX BGP implementations support resolving a BGP route's nexthop to a default route (0.0.0.0/0). However, this is not generally recommended in network deployments. Considering the default route to be the last resort route, resolving the BGP route's nexthop to a default route can cause potential routing loops in the network, if they are not properly designed and monitored. Route flaps and/or traffic drops may be observed in such cases.

In a future release, AOS-CX will not support the BGP route's nexthop resolving to a default route in the Route table. To avoid this problem and to be prepared for the update, Aruba recommends configuring a more specific static route (or host route) for BGP nexthops that are multihops away that are resolving via the default route.



If using the Web UI, you should clear the browser cache after upgrading to this version of software before logging into the switch using a Web UI session. This will ensure the Web UI session downloads the latest changes.

If a switch has RPVST enabled and the native VLAN ID configured for a trunk interface is not the default VLAN ID 1, and the native VLAN ID is also used as the management VLAN, the switch may not be accessible over the trunk interface after upgrading from any 10.04.00xx version of software.

To fix the issue after an upgrade, log into the switch using the OOBM interface or serial port console and configure the following:



```
switch# configure
switch(config)# spanning-tree rpvst-mstp-interconnect-vlan <VLAN_ID>
```

where <VLAN_ID> is the native VLAN ID configured on the trunk interface.

If there are multiple trunk interfaces configured on the switch, each with a different VLAN ID, contact the Aruba Support Team.

To upgrade to:	Your switch must be running this version or later:
AOS-CX 10.10.xxxx Note: 10.10 is an LSR, recommended release is 10.10.10xx.	AOS-CX 10.06.0110

Refer to the Approved Product Lists sites for the Common Criteria, FIPS 140-2 and DoDIN APL to obtain the product certification details. Products should be used as evaluated and defined in the respective configuration guides.

- Common Criteria: <https://www.niap-ccevs.org/Product/>
- FIPS 140-2: <https://csrc.nist.gov/Projects/Cryptographic-Module-Validation-Program/Validated-Modules/Search>
- DoDIN APL: <https://aplits.disa.mil/processAPList.action>

This product includes code licensed under the GNU General Public License, the GNU Lesser General Public License, and/or certain other open-source licenses. A complete machine-readable copy of the source code corresponding to such code is available upon request. This offer is valid to anyone in receipt of this information and shall expire three years following the date of the final distribution of this product version by Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company. To obtain such source code, send a check or money order in the amount of US \$10.00 to:

```
Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company
Attn: General Counsel
6280 America Center Drive
San Jose, CA 95002
U.S.A.
```

Please specify the product and version for which you are requesting source code. You may also request a copy of this source code free of charge at: <https://hpe.com/software/opensource>

Version history

All released versions are fully supported by Aruba, unless noted in the table.

Version number	Release date	Remarks
10.10.1020	2022-11-07	Released, fully supported, and posted on the Web.
10.10.1010	2022-09-22	Released, fully supported, and posted on the Web.
10.10.1000	2022-08-14	Initial release of AOS-CX for the 9300 Switch Series.

Compatibility/interoperability

The switch web agent supports the following web browsers:

Browser	Minimum supported versions
Edge (Windows)	41
Chrome (Ubuntu)	76 (desktop)
Firefox (Ubuntu)	56
Safari (MacOS)	12
Safari (iOS)	10 (Version 12 is not supported)



Internet Explorer is not supported.

Recommended versions of network management software for switches found in this release note:

Management software	Recommended version(s)
NetEdit	2.5.0
Aruba Fabric Composer	6.2.0
Aruba CX Mobile App	2.8.4
Network Automation	10.10, 10.11, 10.20, 10.21, 10.30, 10.40
Network Node Manager	10.10, 10.20, 10.21, 10.30, 10.40



For more information, see the respective software manuals.



To upgrade software using NetEdit, make sure to upgrade to the above version of NetEdit first and then execute the switch software upgrade on devices discovered by this version of NetEdit.

Enhancements

This section lists enhancements added to this branch of the software.



The number listed with the category is used for tracking purposes.

Enhancements for 9300 Switches in AOS-CX 10.10.1020

There are no enhancements introduced in this release.

Fixes

This section lists released builds that include fixes found in this branch of the software. Unless otherwise noted, each software version listed includes all fixes added in earlier versions.

The Symptom statement describes what a user might experience if this is seen on the network. The Scenario statement provides additional environment details and trigger summaries. When available, the Workaround statement provides a workaround to the issue for customers who decide not to update to this version of software.

For a list of issues fixed in previous releases, refer to the [AOS-CX Release Notes Portal](#).



The Bug ID is used for tracking purposes.

Resolved issues for 9300 Switches in AOS-CX 10.10.1020

Category	Bug ID	Description
SNMP	246094	Symptom: A switch reboots due to memory issues. Scenario: This issue can occur when configuring an SNMP INFORM, with a non-responding INFORM receiver, then generating SNMP Link-up/Link-down notifications, or VRRP proto error notifications
REST	243884	Symptom: An HTTPS server TACACS+ authentication request does not contain the correct value for remote address. Remote address appears as Unknown at the TACACS+ server. Scenario: This issue is seen when checking the remote IP of users connected through the HTTPS Server. Workaround: Use auditing or event logs to determine the remote IP address. Event log example: User username logged in from rem_addr through REST session.
BGP	240275	Symptom: The command ip aspath-list <name> description wont accept a description with spaces Scenario: This issue can be seen when configuring an IP aspath list with a description that includes with multiple words separated by spaces.
Link Aggregation	241045	Symptom: A LAG interface goes into an LACP blocked state or traffic flow via the LAG is impacted. Scenario: In a standalone switch, the LAG interfaces may randomly go to a blocked state. This can happen when the configuration is applied by the switch during the bootup sequence. Workaround: Remove and recreate the failing LAG from the configuration.
Config Mgmt	242534	Symptom: Central receives a response code 408 due to a timeout in a request to get a running-config, and other endpoints are affected with the

Category	Bug ID	Description
		<p>same return code. The switch journal logs can also show the message timeout due to waiting for database processing permission took more than 300 seconds.</p> <p>Scenario: This issue can occur after a configuration operation on the switch is made.</p> <p>Workaround: Restart the hpe-restd daemon on the switch using the command systemctl restart hpe-restd.</p>
Physical Interfaces	242998	<p>Symptom: The network experiences physical link issues like frame errors (CRC, runts, giants), link flapping, or outright failure to link up.</p> <p>Scenario: This issue occurs when attempting to link up with devices at 100M, as those devices have out-of-spec link clock accuracy (IEEE 802.3 specifies +-100ppm clock accuracy, but many old devices do not conform by the standards). Affected firmware has lower link clock tolerance (but still within IEEE spec) and encounters this issue.</p>
ZTP	238781	<p>Symptom: The switch may experience a boot loop while in the ZTP process.</p> <p>Scenario: This issue occurs when a switch uses ZTP to download an image and a configuration. The switch first downloads the SWI image, then the configuration, regardless of whether the switch code version and the image to be downloaded match. While downloading the switch image, the user is prompted to enter a new password. If a user exits the new password prompt, the user can log in with the password from the configuration.</p> <p>Workaround: N/A</p>
Central	236934	<p>Symptom: When sending large (~1 MB) response messages from the switch to Aruba Central (such as the ones involved with big configuration template pushes) the messages could get rejected,</p> <p>Scenario: This issue occurs if the data size was precisely between 940 kB and 1024 kB, causing the push to hang and fail.</p>

Feature caveats

The following are feature caveats that should be taken into consideration when using this version of the software.

Feature	Description
TFTP	Blocksize greater than 1480 is not supported in 4100i, 6100 and 6000 Switch series.
VRRP	The same virtual link-local address cannot be used across different VRFs.
VRRP	MD5 authentication interoperation is not supported with Comware-based switches
REST	Boundary values for match vni and set local preference in a route-map system cannot be set via the REST API and must be manually configured on the switch via the CLI.
BGP	In multi-VRF environments, while performing mutual route leaking on the VRRP peers with BGP neighborhood established in between and towards the upstream network, the switch will install both routes as ECMP instead of preferring the leaked route. Use route-maps to give lower/higher preference to the routes received from an iBGP peer. For example: !

Feature	Description
	<pre> route-map rmap permit seq 10 set local-preference 50 ! router bgp 100 vrf red neighbor 1.1.1.2 remote-as 100 address-family ipv4 unicast neighbor 1.1.1.2 activate neighbor 1.1.1.2 route-map rmap in exit-address-family </pre> <p>In the above example, since a lower value of local-preference (i.e. 50, whereas default value is 100) has been set to the routes received from iBGP peer, the leaked routes get preferred and get installed as best routes.</p>
DHCP Server DHCP Relay DHCP Snooping	<p>Note the following caveats for these features:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ DHCP Relay and DHCP Snooping can co-exist on the same switch. DHCP Snooping and DHCP Server cannot co-exist on the same switch. ■ DHCP Snooping, DHCP Relay, and DHCP Server together cannot co-exist on the same switch.
EVPN	<p>After an issue with duplicate IPs on two VTEPs is resolved, the EVPN does not advertise the MAC/IP entry. As a workaround, clear the ARP table.</p>
EVPN	<p>After an issue with duplicate MAC addresses on a single IP on a VTEP is resolved, the ARP entry does not sync with the EVPN. As a workaround issue the commands shut and no shut on the port that connects to the host.</p>
BGP	<p>The next-hop-unchanged option needs to be explicitly configured to preserve nexthop while advertising routes to eBGP peers, in the L2VPN EVPN address-family. For example:</p> <pre> router bgp 1 neighbor 1.1.1.1 remote-as 2 address-family l2vpn evpn neighbor 1.1.1.1 activate neighbor 1.1.1.1 next-hop-unchanged neighbor 1.1.1.1 send-community extended exit-address-family ! </pre>
Classifiers	<p>Classifier policies, IPv6 and MAC ACLs are not supported on egress.</p>
Classifiers	<p>DSCP remarking is performed only on routed packets.</p>
Classifiers	<p>For Classifier policy modifications to be secure, Aruba strongly encourages modifications be done as a three-step process: Bring down the port, modify, and bring the port back up.</p>
Classifiers	<p>IPv4 egress ACLs can be applied only to route-only ports.</p>
Classifiers	<p>Policies containing both MAC and IPv6 classes are not allowed.</p>
CMF	<p>Automatic downgrade of the startup-config is not supported during a software downgrade.</p>
CMF	<p>No other checkpoint besides "startup-configuration" gets migrated during the upgrade process.</p>

Feature	Description
Counters	Classifier Counters: Max number Classifier entries with count action: JL363A=32K, JL365A=32K, JL366A=16K.
Counters	Counters are shared between ACL and Layer 3 ports. The Max number of ACL entries with count action plus Layer 3 counters is: JL363A=24K, JL365A=24K, JL366A=8K. Enabling counters on a Layer 3 port consumes 6 ACL counter entries.
Counters	Layer 3 Route-only port counters are not enabled by default. Enabling them will remove them from the counter resources shared with ACLs.
DHCP Server, DHCP Relay, and DHCP Snooping	DHCP Snooping and DHCP Server cannot co-exist on the same switch. DHCP Snooping, DHCP Relay, and DHCP Server together cannot co-exist on the same switch.
EVPN	iBGP split-horizon rule is not followed between different address families. Use route-map to block the routes getting advertised to the iBGP peer.
ICMP Redirect	The switch may only software forward an 100pps IP frame that triggers ICMP redirect.
ICMP Redirect	The switch may incorrectly duplicate an IP frame that triggers ICMP redirect.
IGMP/PIM on Loopback and GRE interfaces	IGMP cannot be enabled on both Loopback and GRE interfaces. PIM can be enabled on a Loopback interface. PIM will not work on GRE tunnels and 6in6.
Multicast and VXLAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ VXLAN must be configured prior to configuring VSX. ■ IPv6 multicast is not supported for VXLAN overlay. ■ Multicast support for static VXLAN in the overlay has limited support. Contact Aruba Support for details.
MVRP and VSX	MVRP is mutually exclusive with VSX.
Network Analytics Engine (NAE)	After management module failover, up to 5 minutes of alert history could be lost.
Network Analytics Engine (NAE)	Agents monitoring a resource that has column type enum with a list of strings (as opposed to a single string enum) is not supported.
Network Analytics Engine (NAE)	Network Analytics Engine (NAE) agents execute Command Line Interface (CLI) actions as 'admin' user, so they have permission to run any command by default. However, when the authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) feature is enabled, the same restrictions applied to 'admin' will also apply to NAE agents. When using AAA, make sure to give the admin user the permissions to run all commands needed by enabled NAE agents. Otherwise, some CLI commands may be denied and their outputs won't be available. Actions other than CLI won't be affected and will execute normally. Also, NAE agents won't authenticate, thus the AAA service configuration must not block authorization for unauthenticated 'admin' user. ClearPass doesn't support such configuration, so it cannot be used as a TACACS+ server.
Network Analytics Engine (NAE)	The following tables are not supported for NAE scripts: OSPF_Route, OSPF_LSA, OSPF_Neighbor, BGP_Route.

Feature	Description
OSPF	OSPFv2 and OSPFv3 do not support detailed LSA show commands.
RADIUS	Authorization by means of HPE VSAs is not supported.
REST	REST supports the 'admin' and 'operator' roles but does not work with TACACS+ command authorization.
RIP/RIPng	Redistribute RIP/RIPng is not supported in BGP/BGP+.
RIP/RIPng	RIP/RIPng metric configuration support is not available.
RPVST+ and MSTP	Spanning Tree can only run in MSTP or RPVST+ mode.
RPVST+ and MVRP	RPVST+ is mutually exclusive with MVRP.
sFlow and Mirroring	sFlow and port mirroring are mutually exclusive per port. A port cannot support both sFlow and mirroring at the same time.
Sub-interface	BFD is not supported on a sub-interface. A sub-interface as underlay for EVPN-VXLAN is not supported
UDLD	For a UDLD-enabled interface to not lose traffic during a failover operation, the result of multiplying 'interval' and 'retries' should be at least 8 seconds. The default values are 7000 ms (interval) x 4 (retries) = 28 seconds.
Tunnels	When configuring tunnels (VXLAN/IP tunnels) with the underlay as a static route, the next-hop IP should be an SVI or ROP IP and not configured as the Active-Gateway.
VRF	VRF names are limited to 31 characters.
VRRP	The same virtual link-local address cannot be used across different VRFs.
VRRP-MD5 authentication interop	Not supported with Comware-based switches
VRRP and VXLAN	VRRP and VXLAN are mutually exclusive.
VSX and Static VXLAN	Static VXLAN on VSX configuration is not supported. Use VSX and EVPN or VSX and HSC.
VXLAN	DSCP-enabled packets carried in a VXLAN tunnel are treated as best-effort traffic.
VXLAN	Static vxlan is not supported.

Known issues

The following are known open issues with this branch of the software. The **Symptom** statement describes what a user might experience if this is seen on the network. The **Scenario** statement provides environment details and trigger summaries. When available, the **Workaround** statement provides a workaround to the issue.

Category	Bug ID	Description
Classifier	232166	<p>Symptom: A policy is not applied correctly.</p> <p>Scenario: This issue can occur if a user installs a CoPP entry, then an IPv4 entry, followed by an IPv6 entry which has count and dscp actions enabled. The IPv6 policy should be applied to VLAN or global context, but policy application will fail.</p> <p>Workaround: Avoid a dscp action with an IPv6 policy.</p>
Physical Interfaces	229755	<p>Symptom: Links between 8360 and 9300 Switch series can end up with extra link transitions while bringing up link. This issue can occur at 100G or 40G, though 2x100 and 400G eDR4 to 4x 100G FR1 links may experience this issue more frequently.</p> <p>Scenario: This issue only occurs when bringing up the link.</p>
Classifier	232166	<p>Symptom: Policy application fails.</p> <p>Scenario: Install a CoPP entry, then a V4 entry, followed by a V6 entry which has count and dscp actions enabled. The v6 policy should be applied to VLAN or global context. Policy application will fail.</p> <p>Workaround: Avoid using counters with dscp action of an ipv6 policy.</p>
VXLAN	226965	<p>Symptom: Continuous ICMP6 Echo Reply packets are sent for single ICMP6 Echo Request.</p> <p>Scenario: This issue occurred when a ping was sent from a host to a switch virtual interface (SVI) IPv6 address on the switch, where the host is reachable over an L3VNI.</p> <p>Workaround: Issue the command no ip icmp redirect.</p>

Upgrade information

AOS-CX 10.101000 uses ServiceOS CL.01.11.0007



Do not interrupt power to the switch during this important update.

Manual configuration restore for software downgrade

To restore a previous configuration when downgrading to a previous version of software, follow these steps:

1. Use the **show checkpoint** command to see the saved checkpoints and ensure that you have a checkpoint that is an exact match of the target software version. (See the **Image Version** column in the output of the command, for example, CL.10.10.yyyy)



This checkpoint can be the startup-config-backup automatically created during the initial upgrade or any other manually created checkpoint for the target software version.

2. Copy the backup checkpoint into the startup-config.
 3. Boot the switch to the target version (lower version), making sure to select **no** when prompted to save the current configuration.
-

Performing the upgrade

For additional upgrade and downgrade scenarios, including limitations of automatic upgrade and downgrade scenarios provided by the Configuration Migration Framework (CMF), refer to the [AOS-CX 10.10 Fundamentals Guide](#).



This version may contain a change of BootROM from the current running version. A BootROM update is a non-failsafe update. Do not interrupt power to the switch during the update process or the update could permanently damage the device.

1. Copy the new image into the non-current boot bank on the switch using your preferred method.
2. Depending on the version being updated, there may be device component updates needed. Preview any devices updates needed using the `boot system <BOOT-BANK>` command and entering `n` when asked to continue.

For example, if you copied the new image to the secondary boot bank and no device component updates are needed, you will see this:

```
switch# boot system secondary
Default boot image set to secondary.
Checking if the configuration needs to be saved...

Checking for updates needed to programmable devices...
Done checking for updates.

This will reboot the entire switch and render it unavailable
until the process is complete.
Continue (y/n)? n
```

In this example, three device updates will be made upon reboot, one of which is a non-failsafe device:

```
switch# boot system secondary
Default boot image set to secondary.
Checking if the configuration needs to be saved...

Checking for updates needed to programmable devices...
Done checking for updates.

2 device(s) need to be updated during the boot process.
The estimated update time is between 2 and 3 minute(s).
There may be multiple reboots during the update process.

1 non-failsafe device(s) also need to be updated.
Please run the 'allow-unsafe-updates' command to enable these updates.

This will reboot the entire switch and render it unavailable
until the process is complete.
Continue (y/n)? n
```

3. When ready to update the system, if a non-failsafe device update is needed, make sure the system will not have any power interruption during the process. Invoke the `allow unsafe updates` command to allow updates to proceed after a switch reboot. Proceed to step 4 within the configured time.

```
switch# config
switch(config)# allow-unsafe-updates 30

This command will enable non-failsafe updates of programmable devices for
```

```
the next 30 minutes. You will first need to wait for all line and fabric
modules to reach the ready state, and then reboot the switch to begin
applying any needed updates. Ensure that the switch will not lose power,
be rebooted again, or have any modules removed until all updates have
finished and all line and fabric modules have returned to the ready state.
```

```
WARNING: Interrupting these updates may make the product unusable!
```

```
Continue (y/n)? y
```

```
Unsafe updates      : allowed (less than 30 minute(s) remaining)
```

4. Use the `boot system <BOOT-BANK>` command to initiate the upgrade. On the switch console port an output similar to the following will be displayed as various components are being updated:

```
switch# boot system secondary
Default boot image set to secondary.
Checking if the configuration needs to be saved...

Checking for updates needed to programmable devices...
Done checking for updates.

3 device(s) need to be updated during the boot process.
The estimated update time is between 2 and 3 minute(s).
There may be multiple reboots during the update process.

This will reboot the entire switch and render it unavailable
until the process is complete.
Continue (y/n)? y
The system is going down for reboot.

Looking for SVOS.

Primary SVOS:  Checking...Loading...Finding...Verifying...Booting...

ServiceOS Information:
  Version:          <serviceOS_number>
  Build Date:       yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss PDT
  Build ID:         ServiceOS:<serviceOS_number>: 6303a2a501ba:202006171659
  SHA:              6303a2a501bad91100d9e71780813c59f19c12fe

Boot Profiles:

0. Service OS Console
1. Primary Software Image [xx.10.10.0010]
2. Secondary Software Image [xx.10.10.1020]

Select profile(secondary):

ISP configuration:
  Auto updates      : enabled
  Version comparisons : match (upgrade or downgrade)
  Unsafe updates    : allowed (less than 29 minute(s) remaining)

Advanced:
  Config path       : /fs/nos/isp/config [DEFAULT]
  Log-file path     : /fs/logs/isp [DEFAULT]
```

```

Write-protection      : disabled [DEFAULT]
Package selection     : 0 [DEFAULT]

3 device(s) need to be updated by the ServiceOS during the boot process.
The estimated update time by the ServiceOS is 2 minute(s).
There may be multiple reboots during the update process.

MODULE 'mc' DEVICE 'svos_primary' :
  Current version      : '<serviceOS_number>'
  Write-protected     : NO
  Packaged version    : '<version>'
  Package name        : '<svos_package_name>'
  Image filename      : '<filename>.svos'
  Image timestamp     : 'Day Mon dd hh:mm:ss yyyy'
  Image size          : 22248723
  Version upgrade     : needed

Starting update...

Writing...           Done.
Erasing...           Done.
Reading...           Done.
Verifying...         Done.
Reading...           Done.
Verifying...         Done.

Update successful (0.5 seconds).

reboot: Restarting system

```

Multiple components may be updated and several reboots will be triggered during these updates. When all component updates are completed, the switch console port will arrive at the login prompt with a display similar to following:

```

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Please register your products now at: https://asp.arubanetworks.com

switch login:

```



Aruba recommends waiting until all upgrades have completed before making any configuration changes.

Aruba is committed to ensuring you have the resources you need to be successful. Check out these learning and documentation resources:

- AOS-CX switch software documentation portal: https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/AOS-CX/help_portal/Content/home.htm
- AOS-CX 10.10 playlist of technical training videos on YouTube: <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLsYGHuNuBZcZmHTZQC9LuivtrVecOx5vk>

A Security Bulletin is the first published notification of security vulnerabilities and is the only communication vehicle for security vulnerabilities.

- Fixes for security vulnerabilities are not documented in manuals, release notes, or other forms of product documentation.
- A Security Bulletin is released when all vulnerable products still in support life have publicly available images that contain the fix for the security vulnerability.

The Aruba security policy can be found at <https://www.arubanetworks.com/en-au/support-services/sirt/>. Security bulletins can be found at <https://www.arubanetworks.com/en-au/support-services/security-bulletins/>. You can sign up at https://sirt.arubanetworks.com/mailman/listinfo/security-alerts_sirt.arubanetworks.com to initiate a subscription to receive future Aruba Security Bulletin alerts via email.