

# ArubaOS 8.10.0.3 Release Notes



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The following table lists the revision numbers and the corresponding changes that were made in this release:

**Table 1:** *Revision History*

Revision	Change Description
Revision 06	Added limitation on <b>Airtime Fairness Mode</b> .
Revision 05	Updated the <b>Limitations</b> section in the <b>Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3</b> chapter.
Revision 04	Updated the <b>Important</b> section in the <b>Release Overview</b> chapter.
Revision 03	<b>AOS-226013</b> was removed from the <b>Known Issues</b> section.
Revision 02	<b>AOS-235234</b> was removed from the <b>Known Issues</b> section.
Revision 01	Initial release.

This ArubaOS release notes includes the following topics:

- New Features and Enhancements
- Supported Platforms
- Regulatory Updates
- Resolved Issues
- Known Issues and Limitations
- Upgrade Procedure

### Important

- As mandated by the Wi-Fi Alliance, ArubaOS 8.10.0.x requires Hash-to-Element (H2E) for 6 Ghz WPA3-SAE connections. H2E is supported only on Windows 11, Linux wpa\_supplicant version 2.10 and later versions. Hence, users must upgrade their Windows and Linux software for successful 6 Ghz WPA3-SAE connections.
- The factory-default image of APs introduced in ArubaOS 8.9.0.0 or later versions use **aruba-conductor** as the host name instead of **aruba-master** to identify a target managed device or stand-alone controller during DNS discovery. However, the factory-default image of APs that were introduced prior to ArubaOS 8.9.0.0 still use **aruba-master** during DNS discovery. The usage of **aruba-conductor** is to align with the Inclusive Language Initiative.

### Related Documents

The following guides are part of the complete documentation for the Aruba user-centric network:

- *ArubaOS Getting Started Guide*
- *ArubaOS User Guide*
- *ArubaOS CLI Reference Guide*
- *ArubaOS API Guide*
- *Aruba Mobility Conductor Licensing Guide*
- *Aruba Virtual Appliance Installation Guide*
- *Aruba AP Software Quick Start Guide*

### Supported Browsers

The following browsers are officially supported for use with the ArubaOS WebUI:

Web Browser	Operating System
Microsoft Edge (Microsoft Edge 92.0.902.62 and Microsoft EdgeHTML 18.19041) or later	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Windows 10 or later</li> <li>▪ macOS</li> </ul>
Firefox 107.0.1 or later	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Windows 10 or later</li> <li>▪ macOS</li> </ul>
Apple Safari 15.4 (17613.17.1.13) or later	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ macOS</li> </ul>
Google Chrome 108.0.5359.71 or later	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Windows 10 or later</li> <li>▪ macOS</li> </ul>

## Terminology Change

As part of advancing HPE's commitment to racial justice, we are taking a much-needed step in overhauling HPE engineering terminology to reflect our belief system of diversity and inclusion. Some legacy products and publications may continue to include terminology that seemingly evokes bias against specific groups of people. Such content is not representative of our HPE culture and moving forward, Aruba will replace racially insensitive terms and instead use the following new language:

Usage	Old Language	New Language
Campus Access Points + Controllers	Master-Slave	Conductor-Member
Instant Access Points	Master-Slave	Conductor-Member
Switch Stack	Master-Slave	Conductor-Member
Wireless LAN Controller	Mobility Master	Mobility Conductor
Firewall Configuration	Blacklist, Whitelist	Denylist, Allowlist
Types of Hackers	Black Hat, White Hat	Unethical, Ethical

## Contacting Support

**Table 2:** Contact Information

Main Site	<a href="http://arubanetworks.com">arubanetworks.com</a>
Support Site	<a href="https://asp.arubanetworks.com/">https://asp.arubanetworks.com/</a>
Airheads Social Forums and Knowledge Base	<a href="http://community.arubanetworks.com">community.arubanetworks.com</a>
North American Telephone	1-800-943-4526 (Toll Free) 1-408-754-1200

International Telephone	<a href="https://arubanetworks.com/support-services/contact-support/">arubanetworks.com/support-services/contact-support/</a>
Software Licensing Site	<a href="https://lms.arubanetworks.com">lms.arubanetworks.com</a>
End-of-life Information	<a href="https://arubanetworks.com/support-services/end-of-life/">arubanetworks.com/support-services/end-of-life/</a>
Security Incident Response Team	Site: <a href="https://arubanetworks.com/support-services/security-bulletins/">arubanetworks.com/support-services/security-bulletins/</a> Email: <a href="mailto:aruba-sirt@hpe.com">aruba-sirt@hpe.com</a>

This chapter describes the features, enhancements, and behavioral changes introduced in this release.

### CLI

Following CLI enhancements are introduced in this release.

#### Enhancement to the AAA Authentication VIA Domain Name Profile

Starting from ArubaOS 8.10.0.3, it is not mandatory for users to configure the Organizational Unit(OU) of the VIA domain name profile. It is now an optional parameter and users can configure a VIA domain name profile without the OU parameter.

```
(host) [md] (config) #aaa authentication via connection-profile "via"  
(host) [md] (VIA Connection Profile "via") #dn-profile CN<CN> ORG<org> country  
<country> {OU <OU>}
```

#### RTS Frame Transmission to the Clients

ArubaOS allows users to control RTS frame transmission to the clients. The **rf dot11a-radio-profile**, **dot11a-radio-profile**, **dot11g-radio-profile**, **dot11a-secondary-radio-profile**, and **dot11-6GHz-radio-profile** commands allow users to enable or disable RTS mode based on their network requirement.

```
(host) [node] (config) #rf dot11a-radio-profile sample-a rts-mode always-enable
```

#### Support to Enable Frame Bursting

ArubaOS allows users to control frame bursting even if there is only one active client associated to the AP. Users can enable or disable frame bursting using the **rf dot11a-radio-profile frame-bursting-mode** and **rf dot11-6GHz-radio-profile frame-bursting-mode** commands.

```
(host) [mynode] (config) #rf dot11-6GHz-radio-profile rf-6-635  
(host) (host) [mynode] (6GHz radio profile "rf-6-635") #frame-bursting-mode
```

#### Zigbee Event Trail Information

Starting from ArubaOS 8.10.0.3, users can issue the **show ap debug zigbee ap-name <ap-name> event-trail** command to view the Zigbee event trail information.

```
(host) [mynode] #show ap debug zigbee ap-name AP505H event-trail  
Zigbee Event Trail  
-----  
No.   Index   Time Stamp           Device Type   Name   IEEE Address  
Event                               Info  
---   -  
-----
```



```

1    0017    2022-08-11 09:11:46.9506    CLIENT    --    00:13:a2:00:41:c1:f5:ff
ADDED
2    0016    2022-08-11 09:11:46.1287    CLIENT    --    00:13:a2:00:41:c1:f5:ff
REMOVED    UPTIME: 3m:28s, LAST UPDATE: 207s, RSSI: -65, LQI: 112
3    0015    2022-08-11 09:10:00.1504    CLIENT    --    00:13:a2:00:41:a3:94:36
RELATIONSHIP    child
4    0014    2022-08-11 09:10:00.1486    CLIENT    --    00:13:a2:00:41:a3:94:36
ROLE    ZED
5    0013    2022-08-11 09:09:59.2006    CLIENT    --    00:13:a2:00:41:a3:94:36
ADDED
6    0012    2022-08-11 09:08:29.9694    CLIENT    --    00:13:a2:00:41:a3:92:dc
RELATIONSHIP    child
7    0011    2022-08-11 09:08:29.9674    CLIENT    --    00:13:a2:00:41:a3:92:dc
ROLE    ZED

```

## Improvement in the WebSocket secure connection

ArubaOS now enhances the retry behavior for WebSocket Secure (wss) connections when a connection needs to be re-established. The WebSocket now continues to retry until the connection is successful.

## Support for AP Beacon Mac

Starting from ArubaOS 8.10.0.3, the Azure transport general status response includes the AP Beacon MAC. If an AP disconnects from the IoT device, the Azure transport general status allows users to identify which device got disconnected from which AP Beacon.

This chapter describes the platforms supported in this release.

### Mobility Conductor Platforms

The following table displays the Mobility Conductor platforms that are supported in this release:

**Table 3:** *Supported Mobility Conductor Platforms*

Mobility Conductor Family	Mobility Conductor Model
Hardware Mobility Conductor	MCR-HW-1K, MCR-HW-5K, MCR-HW-10K
Virtual Mobility Conductor	MCR-VA-50, MCR-VA-500, MCR-VA-1K, MCR-VA-5K, MCR-VA-10K

### Mobility Controller Platforms

The following table displays the Mobility Controller platforms that are supported in this release:

**Table 4:** *Supported Mobility Controller Platforms*

Mobility Controller Family	Mobility Controller Model
7000 Series Mobility Controllers	7005, 7008, 7010, 7024, 7030
7200 Series Mobility Controllers	7205, 7210, 7220, 7240, 7240XM, 7280
9000 Series Mobility Controllers	9004, 9012
9200 Series Mobility Controllers	9240
MC-VA-xxx Virtual Mobility Controllers	MC-VA-10, MC-VA-50, MC-VA-250, MC-VA-1K

### AP Platforms

The following table displays the AP platforms that are supported in this release:

**Table 5:** *Supported AP Platforms*

AP Family	AP Model
200 Series	AP-204, AP-205
203H Series	AP-203H
203R Series	AP-203R, AP-203RP

**Table 5: Supported AP Platforms**

AP Family	AP Model
205H Series	AP-205H
207 Series	AP-207
210 Series	AP-214, AP-215
220 Series	AP-224, AP-225
228 Series	AP-228
270 Series	AP-274, AP-275, AP-277
300 Series	AP-304, AP-305
303 Series	AP-303, AP-303P
303H Series	AP-303H, AP-303HR
310 Series	AP-314, AP-315
318 Series	AP-318
320 Series	AP-324, AP-325
330 Series	AP-334, AP-335
340 Series	AP-344, AP-345
360 Series	AP-365, AP-367
370 Series	AP-374, AP-375, AP-377
370EX Series	AP-375EX, AP-377EX, AP-375ATEX
AP-387	AP-387
500 Series	AP-504, AP-505
500H Series	AP-503H, AP-503HR, AP-505H, AP-505HR
510 Series	AP-514, AP-515, AP-518
518 Series	AP-518
530 Series	AP-534, AP-535
550 Series	AP-555
560 Series	AP-565, AP-567
570 Series	AP-574, AP-575, AP-577
580 Series	AP-584, AP-585, AP-585EX, AP-587, AP-587EX

**Table 5:** *Supported AP Platforms*

AP Family	AP Model
630 Series	AP-635
650 Series	AP-655

This chapter provides information on the Aruba products that are not supported for a particular release.

The following AP models will no longer be supported beginning with the next major release, ArubaOS 8.11.0.0 and higher:

- 200 Series
- 203H Series
- 203R Series
- 205H Series
- 207 Series
- 210 Series
- 220 Series
- 228 Series
- 270 Series
- 320 Series
- 330 Series
- 340 Series
- AP-387

This chapter contains the Downloadable Regulatory Table (DRT) file version introduced in this release. Periodic regulatory changes may require modifications to the list of channels supported by an AP. For a complete list of channels supported by an AP using a specific country domain, access the controller Command Line Interface (CLI) and execute the **show ap allowed-channels country-code <country-code> ap-type <ap-model>** command.

For a complete list of countries and the regulatory domains in which the APs are certified for operation, refer to the Downloadable Regulatory Table or the DRT Release Notes at <https://asp.arubanetworks.com/>.

The following DRT file version is part of this release:

- DRT-1.0\_84840

This chapter describes the resolved issues in this release.

**Table 6:** *Resolved Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3*

New Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-205192	The channels configured using the <b>Configuration &gt; System &gt; Profiles &gt; All Profiles &gt; AP &gt; Regulatory Domain</b> profile page of the WebUI did not take effect. The fix ensures that the channel configured using the WebUI takes effect and works as expected. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.0.0
AOS-218219 AOS-224858 AOS-232231	A Microsoft Teams call with an external client did not get classified and prioritized by UCC. The fix ensures that UCC classifies and prioritizes the Microsoft Teams call. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.8.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.8.0.0
AOS-224230	SMB file sharing did not work for WLAN clients that were connected to AP-535 access points. The fix ensures that the SMB protocol works as expected. This issue was observed in AP-535 access points running ArubaOS 8.6.0.6 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.6
AOS-224523 AOS-224762	The <b>logging source-interface</b> command did not work as expected. The fix ensures that the command works as expected. This issue was observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.3 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.3
AOS-228013 AOS-235944	Some managed devices were unresponsive and were unable to receive data traffic. This issue occurred when encryption of data packets failed due to invalid cipher and hash modes. The fix ensures that the managed devices work as expected. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.9 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.9
AOS-228462	The <b>show airmatch debug schedule switch-info</b> command did not display any output. This issue occurred when there were more than 120 controllers connected to the network. The fix ensures that the <b>show airmatch debug schedule switch-info</b> command works as expected. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.6.0.10 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.10
AOS-228714	APs located in different geographical locations were incorrectly present in the same AirMatch partition. This issue occurred when interferers with same MAC address were present at different geographical locations. The fix ensures that the APs in different geographical locations are not present in the same AirMatch partition. This issue was observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.14 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.14

**Table 6: Resolved Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-229496 AOS-232865 AOS-234432	Some APs were unable to synchronize configurations from the managed devices. This issue occurred when PMTU was set to a value less than 1500. The fix ensures that the APs can synchronize configurations from the managed devices. This issue was observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.17 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.17
AOS-230169	The firewall cp deny rule failed to deny traffic for cluster CoA VRRP addresses. The fix ensures that the firewall cp deny rule denies traffic as expected. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.0.0.0 or later versions in a cluster setup.	ArubaOS 8.8.0.1
AOS-230386 AOS-236524	A few AP-555 access points running ArubaOS 8.9.0.0-FIPS or later versions crashed and rebooted unexpectedly. The log files listed the reason for the event as <b>Reboot caused by kernel panic: Fatal exception</b> . The fix ensures that the APs work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.0-FIPS
AOS-230798 AOS-231576	The output of the <b>show global-user-table list</b> command displayed duplicate user entries for bridge-mode SSIDs. The fix ensures that the command does not display the duplicate entries. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.8 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.8
AOS-231218 AOS-232924 AOS-235193	High CPU utilization was observed in the <b>pptpd</b> process of stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.5.0.0-FIPS or later versions. This issue occurred because the FIPS version did not support the <b>pptpd</b> process. The fix ensures support for the <b>pptpd</b> process.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.0-FIPS
AOS-231225	A few clients were unable to connect to APs running ArubaOS 8.7.1.4 or later versions. The log files in the output of the <b>show ap remote debug mgmt-frames ap-name &lt;ap-name&gt;</b> command listed the reason for the event as <b>Disassociated due to insufficient resources at AP</b> . The fix ensures that seamless connectivity.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.4
AOS-231399	Users were unable to add MC-VA licenses to any pool and an error message, <b>Can't find GSM license available count</b> was displayed. The fix ensures that users are able to add MC-VA licenses to managed devices. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.9.0.1 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.1
AOS-231501	Wi-Fi uplink over the 6 GHz band did not work on 630 Series and 650 Series access points running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions. The fix ensures that the 6 GHz is supported on the access points.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2
AOS-231859	AirWave displayed an incorrect number of clients connected to the Mobility Conductor. This issue occurred when AMON stats messages were not sent for Remote AP wired users. The fix ensures that the AirWave displays the correct number of clients connected to the Mobility Conductor. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.6.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.6



**Table 6: Resolved Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-232014	During the EST enrollment process, a dummy private key was generated and stored as plain text. The fix ensures that the dummy key file is removed from the flash. This issue was observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.7.1.6 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.6
AOS-232121	The <b>wipeout flash</b> command did not work as expected. The fix ensures that the command removes all the data and flash backup files as expected. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.0
AOS-232130	iOS native VPN with EAP authentication did not work on managed devices running ArubaOS 8.0.0.0 or later versions. The fix ensures that the iOS native VPN with EAP authentication works as expected.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.1
AOS-232377	PAN firewall integration did not work as expected on 7240XM controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.5 or later versions. The fix ensures that the PAN firewall integration works as expected.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.5
AOS-232462	Some managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.10 or later versions crashed unexpectedly. The log files listed the reason for the event as <b>Reboot Cause: Reboot Cause: Nanny rebooted machine - fpapps process died (Intent:cause:register 34:86:50:60)</b> . This issue occurred due to memory corruption. The fix ensures that managed devices work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.10
AOS-232475	Users were unable to delete the time range configuration using both <b>no time-range</b> command and from the <b>Configuration &gt; Roles and Policies &gt; &lt;role&gt; &gt; Time Range</b> field of the WebUI. The fix ensures that the WebUI and CLI allow users to delete the time range configuration. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.9 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.9
AOS-232657	Some APs got disconnected from the managed devices. This issue occurred when incorrect band information was sent to the <b>sapd</b> process when Wi-Fi uplink was enabled. This fix ensures that the APs stay connected to the managed devices. This issue was observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.0
AOS-233043	Some managed devices were unable to come up on the Mobility Conductor. This issue occurred when the managed devices incorrectly routed traffic via the default GRT route. The fix ensures that the managed devices are able to connect to the Mobility Conductor seamlessly. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-233411 AOS-234524 AOS-235363	Some APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.17 or later versions crashed and rebooted unexpectedly. The log files listed the reason for the event as <b>Reboot caused by kernel panic: Rebooting the AP because of FW ASSERT</b> . The fix ensures that the APs work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.17
AOS-233750 AOS-236273	Clients connected to bridge mode SSIDs were unable to pass traffic. The fix ensures that clients are able to pass traffic. This issue was observed in AP-635 access points running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.0

**Table 6: Resolved Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-233766	IPsec flapping was observed between primary and secondary Mobility Conductors in a certificate-based Layer 3 redundancy deployment. The fix ensures and there is no IPsec flapping. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.6.0.9 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.9
AOS-233854 AOS-234907	Some managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.8 or later versions generated excessive kernel logs. The fix ensures that the managed devices work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.8
AOS-233869	The <b>im_helper</b> process was stuck in <b>busy</b> state when users tried to export the iBeacon configurations from the Mobility Conductor. The fix ensures that the <b>im_helper</b> process is not stuck. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.0.0
AOS-234329	Some AP-515 access points running ArubaOS 8.7.1.6 or later versions crashed and rebooted unexpectedly. The log file listed the reason for the reboot as <b>PC is at asap_set_wmm+0x5d4</b> . The fix ensures that the APs work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.6
AOS-234477	Instead of scanning at the scheduled intervals, radios were wrongly scanned for every 10 seconds. The fix ensures that the radios are scanned at the configured time intervals. This issue was observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.4.0.0 or later versions	ArubaOS 8.4.0.0
AOS-234603 AOS-235235	The <b>ble_relay</b> process crashed on 7205 controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions. The log files listed the reason for the event as <b>Module BLE Relay controller is Busy. Please try later</b> . The fix ensures that the controllers work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-235133 AOS-234579	Management authentication failed intermittently when <b>mschapv2</b> was used. The fix ensures successful management authentication. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.8 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.8
AOS-235234	The <b>isakmpd</b> process crashed unexpectedly. This issue was observed when the stand-alone controllers terminated VIA clients. The fix ensures that the stand-alone controllers work as expected. This issue was observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.0
AOS-235383 AOS-235626	Some AP-515 access points running ArubaOS 8.7.1.4 crashed and rebooted unexpectedly. The log files listed the reason for the event as <b>Reboot reason: soft lockup at wlc_txq_free_pkt+0x5f8</b> . The fix ensures that the APs work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.4
AOS-235572	A few APs generated the <b>cannot stop dma</b> error. Enhancements to the wireless driver resolved the issue. This issue was observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.1

**Table 6: Resolved Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-235720	The entries of AWDL protocol flooded the IDS table and hence, IDS was not able to detect threats until the AWDL entries ageout. The fix ensures that the AWDL entries do not reach the IDS table. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.3.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.3.0.0
AOS-235790	Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.9.0.3 or later versions generated large number of DFS error message, <b>WLAN_DEBUG_DFS_ALWAYS</b> . The fix ensures that the Mobility Conductors do not generate the DFS error message. The fix ensures that the Mobility Conductors work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.3
AOS-235840 AOS-236318	The <b>Configuration &gt; System &gt; Profiles</b> page of the WebUI did not allow users to select any encryption other than xSec. The error message, <b>Invalid Opmode combination</b> was displayed when users uncheck the xSec checkbox. The fix ensures that the WebUI allows users to select any encryption. This issue was observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-235948	Some managed devices did not forward traffic to the captive portal page using redirect ACL. This issue occurred when the traffic was incorrectly forwarded to an inactive port. The fix ensures that the managed devices forward traffic as expected. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.3.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.3.0.0
AOS-236178	The <b>mdns</b> process crashed unexpectedly on Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.10.0.2. This issue occurred when SSDP packets with NT/USN/NTS value had null string. The fix ensures that the Mobility Conductors work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2
AOS-236255	APs failed to establish PPPoE connection. This issue occurred when the APs did not initiate PPPoE Active Discovery Initiation (PADI). The fix ensures successful PPPoE connection. This issue was observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.10.0.2.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2
AOS-236395 AOS-235522	Some clients experienced poor uplink speed. The fix ensures that the clients experience optimal network speed. This issue was observed in AP-515 access points running ArubaOS 8.9.0.3 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.3
AOS-236462	A few Remote APs went down unexpectedly. This issue occurred when the IP address of the AP was changed. The fix ensures that the Remote APs work as expected. This issue was observed in Remote APs running ArubaOS 8.5.0.13 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.13
AOS-233199	When clients moved between UAC and S-UAC, the details of the active and dormant stations were not displayed in the output of the <b>show ap association</b> and <b>show ap association dormant</b> commands. The fix ensures that the managed devices display the details of the active and dormant stations. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions in a cluster setup.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9

**Table 6: Resolved Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-234153	Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions displayed multiple OSCP error logs. The fix ensures that the Mobility Conductors work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-233686	Users were unable to add MC-VA licenses to any pool and an error message, <b>Can't find GSM license available count</b> was displayed. The fix ensures that users are able to add MC-VA licenses to managed devices. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.9.0.1 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.1
AOS-233188 AOS-233811 AOS-234844	Some managed devices were unable to come up using ZTP. This issue occurred when the Master IP configuration was not available. The fix ensures that the managed devices are able to come up using ZTP. This issue was observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.7 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.7
AOS-234923 AOS-236878	Some AP-635 access points running ArubaOS 8.9.0.3 or later versions crashed and rebooted unexpectedly. The log files listed the reason for the event as <b>Reboot caused by kernel panic: Take care of the TARGET ASSERT first (ar_wal_tx_halphy_send.c:479 Assertion ptx_halphy-&gt;ppdu_posted == 0)</b> . The fix ensures that the APs work as expected.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.3
AOS-235895	The ASSA ABLOY locks that were connected to an AP timed out unexpectedly. This issue occurred when the locks did not send data requests for 256 minutes. The fix ensures that the ASSA ABLOY locks remain connected for the maximum allowed duration set by ASSA ABLOY. This issue was observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.0

This chapter describes the known issues and limitations observed in this release.

### Limitations

Following are the limitations observed in this release.

#### IP Default-Gateway Management Address

Aruba recommends to not configure the IP default-gateway management address for 7010, 7024, 7205, and 7280 controllers running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0.

#### 650 Series and 630 Series Access Points

The 650 Series and 630 Series access points have the following limitations:

- No spectrum analysis on any radio
- No Zero-Wait DFS
- No Hotspot and Air Slice support on the 6 GHz radio
- No 802.11mc responder and initiator functionality on any radio
- Only 4 VAPs on the 6 GHz radio instead of 16
- Maximum of 512 associated clients on any radio, instead of 1024

#### 6 GHz Channel Information in Regulatory Domain Profile

ArubaOS does not display the 6 GHz channel information in the existing regulatory domain profile of Wi-Fi 6E APs by default.

To include 6 GHz channel information, ensure that you change the country code to a different country code, apply the change, and then revert it to the original country code. Another option is to create a new regulatory domain profile that includes the 6 GHz channel information by default, or copy the existing regulatory domain profile into a new regulatory domain profile to save the configuration.

The following example configures a regulatory domain profile and specifies a valid 6 GHz band.

```
host) [mynode] (config) #ap regulatory-domain-profile reg-635
host) [mynode] (Regulatory Domain profile "reg-635") #country-code US
host) [mynode] (Regulatory Domain profile "reg-635") #valid-6ghz-channel 165
```

## Air Slice

Air Slice is partially enabled on 500 Series access points and 510 Series access points. However, WMM boost will be functional even if Air Slice high-priority queuing is disabled.

## Airtime Fairness Mode

Airtime Fairness Mode is not supported in 802.11ax access points.

## Known Issues

Following are the known issues observed in this release.

**Table 7:** *Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3*

New Bug ID	Old Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-151022 AOS-188417	185176	The output of the <b>show datapath uplink</b> command displays incorrect session count. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.1.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.1.0.0
AOS-156537	—	Multicast streaming fails when broadcast and multicast optimization is enabled on the user VLAN. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.4 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.4
AOS-190071 AOS-190372	—	A few users are unable to access websites when WebCC is enabled on the user role. This issue occurs in a Per User Tunnel Node (PUTN) setup when the VLAN of user role is in trunk mode. This issue is observed in 7005 controllers running ArubaOS 8.4.0.0. <b>Workaround:</b> Perform the following steps to resolve the issue: 1. Remove web category from the ACL rules and apply <b>any any any permit</b> policy. 2. Disable WebCC on the user role. 3. Change the VLAN of user role from trunk mode to access mode.	ArubaOS 8.4.0.0
AOS-195434	—	An AP crashes and reboots unexpectedly. The log files list the reason for the event as <b>Reboot caused by kernel panic: Fatal exception</b> . This issue is observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.5.0.0 or later versions in a Mobility Conductor-Managed Device topology.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.2
AOS-205650 AOS-231536	—	DHCP traffic from relay agent is not forwarded through the next-hop list configured in Layer 3 GRE tunnel. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.15 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.15
AOS-209580	—	The output of the <b>show ap database</b> command does not display the <b>o</b> or <b>i</b> flags, which indicate whether an AP is an outdoor AP or an indoor AP. This issue occurs when the AP installation type is not set to default. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.3.0.13 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.3.0.13

**Table 7: Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Old Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-215090 AOS-232617 AOS-232618 AOS-234348	—	The <b>Dashboard &gt; Overview</b> page of the WebUI incorrectly displays different colors for <b>Clients</b> graph. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.9.0.2 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.2
AOS-215495	—	Some APs display the error message, <b>ARM Channel 40 Physical_Error_Rate 0 MAC_Error_Rate 84 Frame_Retry_Rate 0 arm_error_rate_threshold 70 arm_error_rate_wait_time 90</b> . This issue is observed in AP-535 access points running ArubaOS 8.5.0.5 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.5
AOS-216536 AOS-220630	—	Some managed devices running ArubaOS 8.5.0.11 or later versions are unable to come up on the Mobility Conductor. This issue occurs when the managed devices receive the branch IP address as the controller IP address in a VPNC deployment.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.11
AOS-216874 AOS-230298	—	The virtual MAC address of a VLAN gets deleted from the bridge table and hence, results in a network outage. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.5.0.11 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.11
AOS-217628	—	Some managed devices running ArubaOS 8.5.0.11 or later versions crash and reboot unexpectedly. The log file lists the reason for the event as, <b>Reboot Cause: Kernel Panic (Intent:cause:register 12:86:f0:2) fib6_clean_node</b> . Duplicates: AOS-226513, AOS-226753, AOS-221178, AOS-226575, and AOS-227666	ArubaOS 8.5.0.11
AOS-218844 AOS-227400 AOS-231009	—	Some APs fail to preload image during cluster live upgrade. This issue is observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.9 or later versions in a cluster setup.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.9
AOS-219150	—	The Mobility Conductor fails to push the SRC NAT pool configuration to the managed devices. This issue occurs when the ESI redirect ACL is configured using the WebUI. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.1 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.1
AOS-219423	—	Honeywell Handheld 60SL0 devices are unable to connect to 802.1X SSIDs. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.8 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.8
AOS-219791	—	The aggressive scanning mode under ARM profile settings is enabled by default. This issue is observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.7.1.3 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.3
AOS-221308	—	The <b>execute-cli</b> command does not work as expected for a few show commands. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.4 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.4



**Table 7: Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Old Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-225263 AOS-232589	—	L2 database synchronization fails on standby controllers. This issue is observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.8.0.1 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.8.0.1
AOS-226017 AOS-231886 AOS-235947	—	The <b>airmatch_recv</b> process crashes on Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.6.0.9 or later versions. The log files list the reason for the event as <b>Exceeded max number of packet limit</b> .	ArubaOS 8.6.0.9
AOS-226361 AOS-226850 AOS-227154	—	Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.5 or later versions incorrectly route traffic to different ports.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.5
AOS-226773	—	The MAC ACLs do not work as expected when OpenFlow is enabled. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.11 or later versions in a cluster setup.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.11
AOS-226800 AOS-229670	—	The name of the cluster profile changes after a reboot. Hence, the managed devices are unable to form a cluster. This issue is observed in 7205 controllers running ArubaOS 8.5.0.13 or later versions in a cluster setup.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.13
AOS-227981 AOS-233098	—	A few 7010, 7024, 7205, and 7280 controllers running ArubaOS 8.0.0.0 or later versions incorrectly route the incoming external subnet traffic on management port to data ports.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.6
AOS-228581	—	A VPNC crashes and reboots unexpectedly. The log files list the reason for the event as <b>Reboot Cause: Datapath timeout (SOS Assert) (in ipsec_decrypt)</b> . This issue occurs when the buffer memory is queued in the wrong processor. This issue is observed in VPNCs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.4 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.4
AOS-228996	—	The <b>amon_sender</b> process crashes on managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.5 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.5
AOS-229024	—	Some AP-505 access points running ArubaOS 8.7.1.5 or later versions crashes and reboots unexpectedly. The log files list the reason for the event as <b>PC is at wlc_mbo_parse_ie+0x15c/0x2b0 [wl_v6]</b> .	ArubaOS 8.7.1.5
AOS-230900 AOS-231081 AOS-234940	—	Some 530 Series and 550 Series access points running ArubaOS 8.6.0.0 or later versions crash and reboot unexpectedly. The log file list the reason for reboot as <b>Reboot caused by kernel panic: Take care of the TARGET ASSERT first</b> .	ArubaOS 8.7.1.7
AOS-231178	—	The <b>stm</b> process crashes on managed devices running ArubaOS 8.0.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.7



**Table 7: Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Old Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-231233	—	Users are unable to upgrade APs using the FTP server. Also, the TFTP server is selected automatically to upgrade the APs. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.5 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.5
AOS-231283	—	The log files of few Wi-Fi 6E APs (630 Series and 650 Series access points) running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions incorrectly display the <b>6G radio 2 disabled due to mfg configuration</b> message during reboot of the APs, even though the 6 GHz radio is not disabled when the APs boot up.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.0
AOS-231326	—	Some 7240XM controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.6 or later versions crash and reboot unexpectedly. The log files list the reason for the reboot as <b>Reboot Cause: Kernel Panic (Intent:cause:register 12:86:b0:2)</b> . Duplicates: AOS-231256, AOS-233583, AOS-233673, and AOS-231372	ArubaOS 8.7.1.6
AOS-231649	—	Users with read-only access are able to enable configurations and view passwords configured for WLANs. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.6 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.6
AOS-231990	—	The <b>Dashboard &gt; Infrastructure</b> page displays an incorrect <b>Last Reboot</b> time. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.8
AOS-232311	—	The user table does not list the entries of L3 connected clients and hence, clients are unable to pass traffic. Also, the netdestination configuration is not synchronized between authmgr and sapm processes. This issue is observed when ValidUser ACL is configured for bridge mode clients. This issue is observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.6.0.10 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.10
AOS-232348 AOS-235259 AOS-237006	—	The <b>stm</b> process crashes on AP-325 access points running ArubaOS 8.7.1.7 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.7
AOS-232378	—	The <b>pim</b> process crashes on managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.8 or later versions. This issue occurs due to invalid memory access.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.8
AOS-232443	—	Server derivation rules are not assigned correctly and an error message, <b>Missing server in attribute list</b> is displayed. This issue occurs when there is a delay in response from the RADIUS server. This issue is observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.3 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.3

**Table 7: Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Old Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-232493	—	The entries of denylisted clients are not synchronized between the managed devices. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.15 or later versions in a cluster setup.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.15
AOS-232620	—	A discrepancy is observed between the total number of APs and the total number of AP BLE devices reported. This issue is observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.0.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.8.0.2
AOS-232775	—	The session timeout returned post captive portal authentication from a RADIUS server is not honored. This issue occurs when both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are associated to a single user connected in split tunnel forwarding mode and when the idle timeout value is lesser than session timeout value. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.9.0.2 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.2
AOS-232928	—	Some stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions display the error messages, <b>KASan: use after free in wlc_pcb_fn_find+0xc8/0x160 [wl_v6] at addr fffffc034931b08</b> and <b>KASan: out of bounds access in wlc_pcb_fn_find+0xc8/0x160 [wl_v6] at addr.</b> Duplicates: AOS-233808, AOS-234781, and AOS-236854	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-232991	—	Users are unable to issue the <b>lc-cluster exclude-vlan</b> command and an error message, <b>ERROR: Invalid character</b> is displayed. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.7.1.7 or later versions. <b>Workaround:</b> Issue the <b>no lc-cluster exclude-list</b> command and then add the list of VLANs to be excluded.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.7
AOS-232997	—	Some managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions are stuck after an upgrade and the <b>aaa</b> process crashes.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-233768	—	A few APs do not update the channel, bandwidth, and EIRP when the configuration is modified in radio profiles in the absence of a virtual AP. This issue is observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.2.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.3
AOS-234103	—	Some clients experience downstream packet disruption. This issue is observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.9 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.17

**Table 7: Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Old Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-234282	—	Syslog messages generated for bridge mode clients do not include the details of SSID profiles. However, syslog messages generated for tunnel mode clients include the details of SSID profiles. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.0
AOS-234315	—	A few APs sent PAPI messages to external IP addresses, and the log displayed a random IP address for the <b>PAPI_Send failed</b> error message. This issue is observed in APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.15 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.15
AOS-234523	—	SSL protocol configurations are automatically altered for random managed devices without user initiating the changes. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.6.0.17 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.17
AOS-234730	—	Some AP-635 access points running ArubaOS 8.9.0.3 or later versions crashes and reboots unexpectedly. The log files list the reason for the event as <b>kernel panic: Take care of the TARGET ASSERT first (wal_soc_dev_hw.c:711 Assertion !((panic_mask &amp; WHAL_UMCMN_TQM1_ASSERT_INT_MASK).</b>	ArubaOS 8.9.0.3
AOS-234819 AOS-235085	—	Some Remote APs running ArubaOS 8.6.0.9 or later versions do not broadcast BSSIDs and are stuck in AM mode. <b>Workaround:</b> Reload the managed device or re-configure the DRT file using the <b>ap regulatory activate &lt;drt_file_name&gt;</b> command,	ArubaOS 8.6.0.9
AOS -235002	—	WPA3-AES-CCM-128 encryption is incorrectly displayed as WPA2 AES in the WebUI. This issue is observed in Mobility Controllers running ArubaOS 8.10.0.1 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.1
AOS-235063	—	An error message, <b>Invalid data: Static FW CP ACL cannot be deleted</b> is displayed when users try to delete the custom ACL. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-235220	—	The <b>Maintenance &gt; Software Management</b> page of the WebUI does not display the entire list of clusters. This issue occurs when the cluster name or hostname is changed. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.17 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.17
AOS-235401	—	Some managed devices running ArubaOS 8.6.0.17 or later versions do not send the outer IP IPV6 address to AirWave.	ArubaOS 8.6.0.17

**Table 7: Known Issues in ArubaOS 8.10.0.3**

New Bug ID	Old Bug ID	Description	Reported Version
AOS-235628	—	AP related RF neighbor and RAPIDS list information are not sent to AirWave. This issue is observed in stand-alone controllers running ArubaOS 8.10.0.2 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2
AOS-235647	—	Some 7240XM controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions crash unexpectedly. The log files list the reason for the event as <b>Reboot Cause: Datapath timeout (Heartbeat Initiated) (Intent:cause:register 53:86:50:2).</b>	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-235681 AOS-235719 AOS-236481 AOS-237063	—	The <b>Dashboard &gt; Infrastructure &gt; Access Devices</b> page of the WebUI does not display the correct status of APs that are down. However, CLI displays the correct number of APs that are down. This issue is observed in Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-235810	—	Configuration changes to the SAP MTU value is not displayed correctly. This issue occurs when the storage format of the MTU configuration is changed and when the file is not read correctly. This issue is observed in managed devices running ArubaOS 8.9.0.2 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.9.0.2
AOS-235891	—	Standalone Controllers running ArubaOS 8.7.1.9 or later versions displayed continuous <b>PAPI_Send</b> errors. This issue occurred because IP address of the AP is not available for wired clients at UCC and the error message is seen when UCC attempts to send messages through PAPI to AP with zero IP.	ArubaOS 8.7.1.9
AOS-236235	—	Multiple APs crash due to a mismatch between <b>wmm_eap_ac</b> and <b>eapol_ac_override</b> in the configuration. This issue is observed in AP-535 access points running ArubaOS 8.10.0.2 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2
AOS-236462	—	A few Remote APs go down unexpectedly. This issue occurs when the IPv6 address of the AP is changed. This issue is observed in Remote APs running ArubaOS 8.5.0.13 or later versions.	ArubaOS 8.5.0.13
AOS-236534 AOS-236773	—	Some controllers running ArubaOS 8.10.0.2 show an error <b>undefined</b> while selecting a AAA profile using the WebUI.	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2
AOS-236621	—	Some 7280 controllers running ArubaOS 8.10.0.2 or later versions crash unexpectedly. The log files list the reason for the crash as <b>Datapath timeout (SOS Assert) (Intent:cause:register 54:86:0:20)</b>	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2
AOS-236813	—	Mobility Conductors running ArubaOS 8.10.0.2 or later versions generate multiple log messages, <b>switch_daemon.0x204c03b68f82[8050]: &lt;310322&gt; &lt;8050&gt;  switch.10.143.242.6:58000   ofc-switch-manager  Unknown message type 12.</b>	ArubaOS 8.10.0.2

This chapter details software upgrade procedures. It is recommended that you schedule a maintenance window for the upgrade.



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Read all the information in this chapter before upgrading your Mobility Conductor, managed device, or stand-alone controller.

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### Important Points to Remember

To upgrade your managed device or Mobility Conductor:

- Schedule the upgrade during a maintenance window and notify your community of the planned upgrade. This prevents users from being surprised by a brief wireless network outage during the upgrade.
- Avoid making any changes to your network, such as configuration changes, hardware upgrades, or changes to the rest of the network during the upgrade. This simplifies troubleshooting.
- Know your network and verify the state of the network by answering the following questions:
  - How many APs are assigned to each managed device? Verify this information by navigating to the **Dashboard > Access Points** page in the WebUI, or by executing the **show ap active** or **show ap database** commands.
  - How are those APs discovering the managed device (DNS, DHCP Option, Broadcast)?
  - What version of ArubaOS runs on your managed device?
  - Are all managed devices running the same version of ArubaOS?
  - What services are used on your managed device (employee wireless, guest access, Remote AP, wireless voice)?
- Resolve any existing issues (consistent or intermittent) before you upgrade.
- If possible, use FTP to load ArubaOS images to the managed device. FTP is faster than TFTP and offers more resilience over slow links. If you must use TFTP, ensure the TFTP server can send over 30 MB of data.
- Always upgrade the non-boot partition first. If you encounter any issue during the upgrade, you can restore the flash, and switch back to the boot partition. Upgrading the non-boot partition gives you a smoother downgrade path, if required.
- Before you upgrade to this version of ArubaOS, assess your software license requirements and load any new or expanded licenses that you might require. For a detailed description of these new license modules, refer the *Aruba Mobility Conductor Licensing Guide*.
- With the introduction of the Long Supported Release (LSR) and Short Supported Release (SSR) terminology in ArubaOS 8.10.0.0, a Mobility Conductor running an LSR release supports managed devices running the same release and the three preceding releases. This is considered as N-3 support. This allows a customer to run the latest LSR, the previous SSRs and the previous LSR simultaneously. A Mobility Conductor running an SSR release supports managed devices running the same release and the two preceding releases. This would be considered N-2 support and is the same behavior as the pre-ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 MultiVersion support.

- Only for the ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 LSR release, ArubaOS 8.6.0.0 is treated as an LSR despite being beyond N-3. As such a Mobility Conductor running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0 supports managed devices running ArubaOS 8.10.0.0, ArubaOS 8.9.0.0, ArubaOS 8.8.0.0, ArubaOS 8.7.0.0 and ArubaOS 8.6.0.0.

## Memory Requirements

All Aruba managed devices store critical configuration data on an onboard compact flash memory module. Ensure that there is always free flash space on the managed device. Loading multiple large files such as JPEG images for RF Plan can consume flash space quickly. Following are best practices for memory management:

- Do not proceed with an upgrade unless 100 MB of free memory is available. Execute the **show memory** command to identify the available free memory. To recover memory, reboot the managed device. After the managed device comes up, upgrade immediately.
- Do not proceed with an upgrade unless the minimum flash space is available. Execute the **show storage** command to identify the available flash space. If the output of the **show storage** command indicates that there is insufficient flash memory, free some used memory. Copy any log files, crash data, or flash backups from your managed device to a desired location. Delete the following files from the managed device to free some memory:
  - **Crash data:** Execute the **tar crash** command to compress crash files to a file named **crash.tar**. Use the procedures described in [Backing up Critical Data on page 33](#) to copy the **crash.tar** file to an external server. Execute the **tar clean crash** command to delete the file from the managed device.
  - **Flash backups:** Use the procedures described in [Backing up Critical Data on page 33](#) to back up the flash directory to a file named **flash.tar.gz**. Execute the **tar clean flash** command to delete the file from the managed device.
  - **Log files:** Execute the **tar logs** command to compress log files to a file named **logs.tar**. Use the procedures described in [Backing up Critical Data on page 33](#) to copy the **logs.tar** file to an external server. Execute the **tar clean logs** command to delete the file from the managed device.



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In certain situations, a reboot or a shutdown could cause the managed device to lose the information stored in its flash memory. To avoid such issues, it is recommended that you execute the **halt** command before power cycling.

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### Deleting a File

You can delete a file using the WebUI or CLI.

#### In the WebUI

From the Mobility Conductor, navigate to **Diagnostic > Technical Support > Delete Files** and remove any aging log files or redundant backups.

#### In the CLI

```
(host) #delete filename <filename>
```

## Low Free Flash Memory

Sometimes, after extended use, the flash memory might get used up for logs and other files. The ArubaOS image has increased in size and this may cause issues while upgrading to newer ArubaOS images without cleaning up the flash memory.

## Prerequisites

Before you proceed with the freeing up the flash memory:

- Ensure to always backup the configuration and flash memory. Issue the **backup configuration** and **backup flash** commands to backup the configuration and flash.
- Copy the **flashbackup.tar.gz** and **configbackup.tar.gz** files out of the controller. Then delete the **flashbackup.tar.gz** and **configbackup.tar.gz** files from the flash memory of the controller.
- Use only one partition for the upgrade activity and keep the other partition unchanged.

If you use the WebUI to perform an upgrade, a banner on the **Maintenance** page provides the following reminder to have sufficient free flash memory before initiating an upgrade.

**For a healthy and stable system it requires free space of 360 MB for AOS v8.3 and 8.5, 570 MB for AOS 8.6 and 8.7 and 450 MB for AOS 8.8 and higher version in the /flash directory. Please make sure minimum required memory is available in /flash before upgrading to newer version.**

## Freeing up Flash Memory

The following steps describe how to free up the flash memory before upgrading:

1. Check if the available memory in **/flash** is greater than the limits listed in [Table 8](#) for all supported controller models:

**Table 8:** Flash Memory Requirements

Upgrading from	Upgrading to	Minimum Required Free Flash Memory Before Initiating an Upgrade
8.3.x	8.10.x	360 MB
8.5.x	8.10.x	360 MB
8.6.x	8.10.x	570 MB
8.7.x	8.10.x	570 MB
8.8.x	8.10.x	450 MB
8.9.x	8.10.x	450 MB
8.10.x	8.10.x	450 MB

To check the available free flash memory, issue the **show storage** command. Following is the sample output from a controller with low free flash memory:

```
(host) [mynode] #show storage
Filesystem          Size    Available      Use    %    Mounted on
/dev/usb/flash3    1.4G    1014.2M      386.7M  72%  /flash
```

2. If the available free flash memory is less than the limits listed in [Table 8](#), issue the following commands to free up more memory.
  - **tar crash**
  - **tar clean crash**
  - **tar clean logs**
  - **tar clean traces**



3. Issue the **show storage** command again to check if the available space in **/flash** is more than the minimum space required for ArubaOS upgrade as listed in [Table 8](#)
4. **If you are unable to free up sufficient flash memory, contact Technical Support. Do not reboot the controller.**
5. If sufficient flash memory is available, proceed with the standard ArubaOS upgrade. See [Upgrading ArubaOS](#).
6. If a reboot was performed, you may see some of the following errors. Follow the directions below:

- Upgrade using standard procedure. You may see some of the following errors:

**Error upgrading image: Ancillary unpack failed with tar error ( tar: Short header ).  
Please clean up the /flash and try upgrade again.**

**Error upgrading image: Ancillary unpack failed with tar error ( tar: Invalid tar magic ).  
Please clean up the /flash and try upgrade again.**

**Error upgrading image: Need atleast XXX MB space in /flash for image upgrade, please clean up the /flash and try upgrade again.**

**Failed updating: [upgradelImageNew.c] extractAncTar (dev: /dev/usb/flash1 imgLoc: /flash/config/ArubaOS\_70xx\_8.8.0.0-mm-dev\_78066**

- If any of the above errors occur, issue the **show image version** command to check for the default boot partition. The partition which was upgraded should become the default partition. Following is the sample output of the **show image version** command:

```
(host) [mynode] #show image version
```

```
-----
```

```
Partition           : 0:0 (/dev/usb/flash1) **Default boot**
Software Version    : ArubaOS 8.9.0.0 (Digitally Signed SHA1/SHA256 -
Production Build)
Build number        : 81046
Label               : 81046
Built on            : Thu Aug 5 22:54:49 PDT 2021
-----
```

```
Partition           : 0:1 (/dev/usb/flash2)
Software Version    : ArubaOS 8.7.0.0-2.3.1.0 (Digitally Signed SHA1/SHA256 -
Developer/Internal Build)
Build number        : 0000
Label               : arpitg@sdwan-2.3_arpitg-3-ENG.0000
Built on            : Tue Aug 10 15:02:15 IST 2021
-----
```

- If the default boot partition is not the same as the one where you performed the upgrade, change the default boot partition. Issue the **boot system partition <part\_number>** command to change the default boot partition. Enter **0** or **1** for **part\_number** representing partition 0:0 or partition 0:1, respectively.
- Reload the controller. If any of the errors listed in step 4 were observed, the following errors might occur while booting ArubaOS 8.9.0.0.

Sample error:

```
[03:17:17]:Installing ancillary FS [ OK ]
Performing integrity check on ancillary partition 1 [ FAIL : Validating new
ancillary partition 1...Image Integrity check failed for file
/flash/img1/mswitch/sap/arm32.ari. Digest Mismatch]
Extracting Webui files..tar: Short read
chown: /mswitch/webui/*: No such file or directory
chmod: /mswitch/webui/wms/wms.cgi: No such file or directory
```

- After the controller reboots, the login prompt displays the following banner:

```
*****
```



```
* WARNING: An additional image upgrade is required to complete the *
* installation of the AP and WebUI files. Please upgrade the boot *
* partition again and reload the controller. *
*****
```

- Repeat steps 1 through 5. If sufficient free flash memory is available, proceed with the standard ArubaOS upgrade procedure. See [Upgrading ArubaOS](#).
- If sufficient free flash memory is not available, issue the **dir** and **dir flash** commands to identify large files occupying the flash memory.



- Exercise caution while deleting files. Contact Technical Support if you are not sure which large files in the **/flash** directory could be safely deleted to free up the required space.

Issue the **delete filename <filename>** command to delete large files to free more flash memory.

- Check if sufficient flash memory is free as listed in [Table 8](#).
- Proceed with the standard ArubaOS upgrade procedure in the same partition. See [Upgrading ArubaOS](#).

## Backing up Critical Data

It is important to frequently back up all critical configuration data and files on the flash memory to an external server or mass storage device. You should include the following files in these frequent backups:

- Configuration data
- WMS database
- Local user database
- Licensing database
- Custom captive portal pages
- x.509 certificates
- Log files
- Flash backup

## Backing up and Restoring Flash Memory

You can backup and restore the flash memory using the WebUI or CLI.

### In the WebUI

The following steps describe how to back up and restore the flash memory:

1. In the Mobility Conductor node hierarchy, navigate to the **Maintenance > Configuration Management > Backup** page.
2. Click **Create Backup** to backup the contents of the flash memory to the **flashbackup.tar.gz** file.
3. Click **Copy Backup** to copy the file to an external server.

You can copy the backup file from the external server to the flash memory using the file utility in the **Diagnostics > Technical Support > Copy Files** page.

4. To restore the backup file to the flash memory, navigate to the **Maintenance > Configuration Management > Restore** page and click **Restore**.

### In the CLI

The following steps describe how to back up and restore the flash memory:

1. Execute the following command in the **enable** mode:

```
(host) #write memory
```

2. Execute the following command to back up the contents of the flash memory to the **flashbackup.tar.gz** file.

```
(host) #backup flash
Please wait while we take the flash backup.....
File flashbackup.tar.gz created successfully on flash.
Please copy it out of the controller and delete it when done.
```

3. Execute either of the following command to transfer the flash backup file to an external server or storage device.

```
(host) #copy flash: flashbackup.tar.gz ftp: <ftphost> <ftpusername> <ftpuserpassword>
<remote directory>
```

```
(host) #copy flash: flashbackup.tar.gz usb: partition <partition-number>
```

You can transfer the flash backup file from the external server or storage device to the flash memory by executing either of the following command:

```
(host) #copy tftp: <tftphost> <filename> flash: flashbackup.tar.gz
```

```
(host) #copy usb: partition <partition-number> <filename> flash: flashbackup.tar.gz
```

4. Execute the following command to untar and extract the **flashbackup.tar.gz** file to the flash memory.

```
(host) #restore flash
Please wait while we restore the flash backup.....
Flash restored successfully.
Please reload (reboot) the controller for the new files to take effect.
```

## Upgrading ArubaOS

Upgrade ArubaOS using the WebUI or CLI.



CAUTION

---

Ensure that there is enough free memory and flash space on your Mobility Conductor or managed device. For details, see [Memory Requirements on page 30](#).

---



NOTE

---

When you navigate to the **Configuration** tab in the WebUI, the managed device might display the **Error getting information: command is not supported on this platform** message. This message is displayed ccurs when you upgrade using the WebUI and navigate to the **Configuration** tab after the managed device reboots. This message disappears after clearing the Web browser cache.

---

## In the WebUI

The following steps describe how to upgrade ArubaOS from a TFTP server, FTP server, or local file.

1. Download the ArubaOS image from the customer support site.
2. Upload the ArubaOS image to a PC or workstation on your network.
3. Validate the SHA hash for the ArubaOS image:
  - a. Download the **Aruba.sha256** file from the download directory.
  - b. Load the ArubaOS image to a Linux system and execute the **sha256sum <filename>** command. Alternatively, use a suitable tool for your operating system that can generate a **SHA256** hash of a file.
  - c. Verify that the output produced by this command matches the hash value found on the customer support site.



---

The ArubaOS image file is digitally signed and is verified using RSA2048 certificates preloaded at the factory. The Mobility Conductor or managed device will not load a corrupted ArubaOS image.

---

4. Log in to the ArubaOS WebUI from the Mobility Conductor.
5. Navigate to the **Maintenance > Software Management > Upgrade** page.
  - a. Select the **Local File** option from the **Upgrade using** drop-down list.
  - b. Click **Browse** from the **Image file name** to navigate to the saved image file on your PC or workstation.
6. Select the downloaded image file.
7. Choose the partition from the **Partition to Upgrade** option.
8. Enable the **Reboot Controller After Upgrade** toggle switch to automatically reboot after upgrading. If you do not want to reboot immediately, disable this option.



---

The upgrade does not take effect until reboot. If you chose to reboot after upgrade, the Mobility Conductor or managed device reboots automatically.

---

9. Select **Save Current Configuration**.
10. Click **Upgrade**.
11. Click **OK**, when the **Changes were written to flash successfully** message is displayed.

## In the CLI

The following steps describe how to upgrade ArubaOS from a TFTP server, FTP server, or local file.

1. Download the ArubaOS image from the customer support site.
2. Open an SSH session to your Mobility Conductor.
3. Execute the **ping** command to verify the network connection between the Mobility Conductor and the SCP server, FTP server, or TFTP server.

```
(host)# ping <ftphost>
```

or

```
(host)# ping <tftphost>
```

or

```
(host)# ping <scphost>
```

4. Execute the **show image version** command to check if the ArubaOS image is loaded on the flash partition. The partition number appears in the **Partition** row; **0:0** is partition 0, and **0:1** is partition 1. The active boot partition is marked as **Default boot**.

```
(host) #show image version
```

5. Execute the **copy** command to load the new image to the non-boot partition.

```
(host)# copy ftp: <ftphost> <ftpusername> <image filename> system: partition <0|1>
```

or

```
(host)# copy tftp: <tftphost> <image filename> system: partition <0|1>
```

or

```
(host)# copy scp: <scphost> <scpusername> <image filename> system: partition <0|1>
```

or

```
(host)# copy usb: partition <partition-number> <image filename> system: partition <0|1>
```

6. Execute the **show image version** command to verify that the new image is loaded.

```
(host)# show image version
```

7. Reboot the Mobility Conductor.

```
(host)#reload
```

8. Execute the **show version** command to verify that the upgrade is complete.

```
(host)#show version
```

## Verifying the ArubaOS Upgrade

Verify the ArubaOS upgrade in the WebUI or CLI.

### In the WebUI

The following steps describe how to verify that the Mobility Conductor is functioning as expected:

1. Log in to the WebUI and navigate to the **Dashboard > WLANs** page to verify the ArubaOS image version.
2. Verify if all the managed devices are up after the reboot.
3. Navigate to the **Dashboard > Access Points** page to determine if your APs are up and ready to accept clients.
4. Verify that the number of APs and clients are as expected.
5. Test a different type of client in different locations, for each access method used.
6. Complete a backup of all critical configuration data and files on the flash memory to an external server or mass storage facility. See [Backing up Critical Data on page 33](#) for information on creating a backup.

### In the CLI

The following steps describe how to verify that the Mobility Conductor is functioning as expected:

1. Log in to the CLI to verify that all your managed devices are up after the reboot.
2. Execute the **show version** command to verify the ArubaOS image version.
3. Execute the **show ap active** command to determine if your APs are up and ready to accept clients.
4. Execute the **show ap database** command to verify that the number of APs and clients are as expected.
5. Test a different type of client in different locations, for each access method used.
6. Complete a backup of all critical configuration data and files on the flash memory to an external server or mass storage facility. See [Backing up Critical Data on page 33](#) for information on creating a backup.

## Downgrading ArubaOS

A Mobility Conductor or managed device has two partitions, 0 and 1. If the upgrade fails on one of the partitions, you can reboot the Mobility Conductor or managed device from the other partition.

### Pre-requisites

Before you reboot the Mobility Conductor or managed device with the pre-upgrade ArubaOS version, perform the following steps:

1. Back up your Mobility Conductor or managed device. For details, see [Backing up Critical Data on page 33](#).
2. Verify that the control plane security is disabled.

3. Set the Mobility Conductor or managed device to boot with the previously saved configuration file.
4. Set the Mobility Conductor or managed device to boot from the partition that contains the pre-upgrade ArubaOS version.

When you specify a boot partition or copy an image file to a system partition, Mobility Conductor or managed device checks if the ArubaOS version is compatible with the configuration file. An error message is displayed if the boot parameters are incompatible with the ArubaOS version and configuration files.

5. After switching the boot partition, perform the following steps:

- Restore the pre-upgrade flash backup from the file stored on the Mobility Conductor or managed device. Do not restore the ArubaOS flash backup file.
- Do not import the WMS database.
- If the RF plan is unchanged, do not import it. If the RF plan was changed before switching the boot partition, the changed RF plan does not appear in the downgraded ArubaOS version.
- If any new certificates were added in the upgraded ArubaOS version, reinstall these certificates in the downgraded ArubaOS version.

Downgrade ArubaOS version using the WebUI or CLI.

## In the WebUI

The following steps describe how to downgrade the ArubaOS version:

1. If the saved pre-upgrade configuration file is on an external FTP or TFTP server, copy the file to the Mobility Conductor or managed device by navigating to the **Diagnostics > Technical Support > Copy Files** page.
  - a. From **Select source file** drop-down list, select FTP or TFTP server, and enter the IP address of the FTP or TFTP server and the name of the pre-upgrade configuration file.
  - b. From **Select destination file** drop-down list, select **Flash file system**, and enter a file name (other than default.cfg).
  - c. Click **Copy**.
2. Determine the partition on which your pre-upgrade ArubaOS version is stored by navigating to the **Maintenance > Software Management > Upgrade** page. If a pre-upgrade ArubaOS version is not stored on your system partition, load it into the backup system partition by performing the following steps:



---

You cannot load a new image into the active system partition.

---

- a. Enter the FTP or TFTP server address and image file name.
  - b. Select the backup system partition.
  - c. Enable **Reboot Controller after upgrade**.
  - d. Click **Upgrade**.
3. Navigate to the **Maintenance > Software Management > Reboot** page, select **Save configuration before reboot**, and click **Reboot**.

The Mobility Conductor or managed device reboots after the countdown period.
  4. When the boot process is complete, verify that the Mobility Conductor or managed device is using the correct ArubaOS version by navigating to the **Maintenance > Software Management > About** page.

## In the CLI

The following steps describe how to downgrade the ArubaOS version:

1. If the saved pre-upgrade configuration file is on an external FTP or TFTP server, use the following command to copy it to the Mobility Conductor or managed device:

```
(host) # copy ftp: <ftphost> <ftpusername> <image filename> system: partition 1
```

or

```
(host) # copy tftp: <tftphost> <image filename> system: partition 1
```

2. Set the Mobility Conductor or managed device to boot with your pre-upgrade configuration file.

```
(host) # boot config-file <backup configuration filename>
```

3. Execute the **show image version** command to view the partition on which your pre-upgrade ArubaOS version is stored.

```
(host) #show image version
```



---

You cannot load a new image into the active system partition.

---

4. Set the backup system partition as the new boot partition.

```
(host) # boot system partition 1
```

5. Reboot the Mobility Conductor or managed device.

```
(host) # reload
```

6. When the boot process is complete, verify that the Mobility Conductor or managed device is using the correct ArubaOS version.

```
(host) # show image version
```

## Before Calling Technical Support

Provide the following information when you call the Technical Support:

- The status of installation (new or existing) and recent changes to network, device, or AP configuration. If there was a configuration change, list the exact configuration steps and commands used.
- A detailed network topology including all the devices in the network with IP addresses and interface numbers.
- The make and model number of the wireless device and NIC, driver date, version, and configuration of the NIC, and the OS version including any service packs or patches.
- The logs and output of the **show tech-support** command.
- The syslog file at the time of the problem.
- The date and time when the problem first occurred. If the problem is reproducible, list the exact steps taken to re-create the problem.
- Any wired or wireless sniffer traces taken during the time of the problem.
- The device site access information.